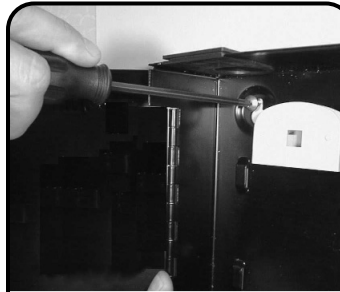
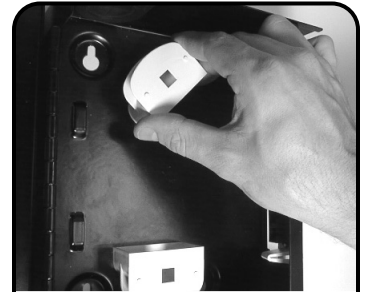


# Mini-Wall Mount Interconnect Center (MINI SWIC3)



**1** Position the box in the desired location. Use the two upper mounting slots to hang the enclosure, then secure the box to the surface using all four mounting screws provided.



**2** Install the Bend Radius Guide (BRG2) into position. Simply insert into square cut-outs and twist 45 degrees into locking position as shown.



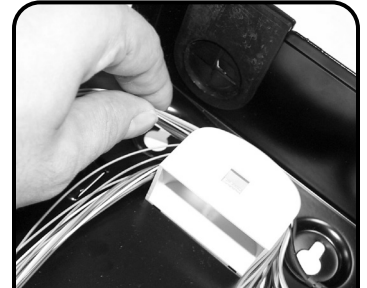
**3** Cut slits in grommet to allow cable to pass through.



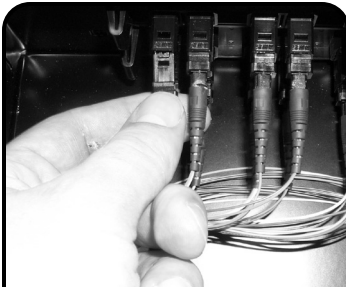
**4** Secure cable by utilizing the cable ties provided and the tabs formed into the enclosure.



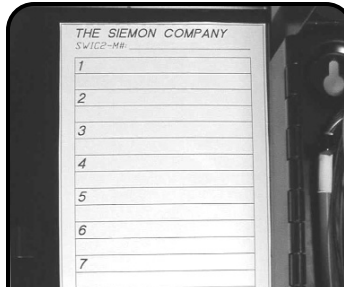
**5** Snap adapter plates into place. Orient the wide edge of the adapter plates to face up as shown. Align the adapter plate latches with the respective cutouts in the mounting bracket and push adapter plate inward until it snaps into place.



**6** Terminate fiber according to manufacturer's specifications. Wrap fiber strands around the BRG2 as shown. Use lower section of BRG2 to store slack for adapter plates closest to floor of enclosure.



**7** Mate terminated connectors to appropriate ports on the Quick-Pack adapter plate.



**8** Affix the port ID label on the inside right hand side of door. Mark port IDs on the label.



**9** Affix DANGER label to front cover of box.

# Mini-Wall Mount Interconnect Center (MINI SWIC3)

## **WARNING:**

**Optical transmitters and fiber optic test equipment used in the telecommunications industry uses invisible infrared energy. At sufficient power, this may cause eye or skin damage.**

If you work with fiber optic products, including test equipment, consider the following:

1. Do not look into fibers or connectors. They may be 'live'.
2. Know what is happening with the fiber under test at the far end!
3. When connecting a light source, try to make it the last element you connect!
4. Whenever possible, switch off and disconnect your light source(s) before breaking any fiber connections.
5. Always consider the hazard to other people:
  - a. Use warning signs, etc.
  - b. Keep caps on unconnected fibers whenever possible.
  - c. If using "live" optical beams, keep them low and facing away from personnel.
6. Don't view optical outputs with a microscope, use a TV camera/monitor.
7. Elect a safety officer to:
  - a. Train staff
  - b. Maintain records of equipment classification, calibrations and safety checks.
8. Be careful of cut fibers. Remember they are sharp and difficult to see!

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